1 2 3	LAW OFFICES OF STANLEY G. HILTON Stanley G. Hilton, SBN #65990 2570 North First Street, Suite 200 San Jose, CA 95131 Telephone: (415) 786-4821		
4 5	Attorney for Plaintiff MICHAEL ARIKAT AND PASIMA ARIKAT		
6			
7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
8	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
9	(SAN FRANCISCO)		
10	MICHAEL ARIKAT AND PASIMA ARIKAT,	Case No.:	
111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 220	Plaintiff, v. JP MORGAN CHASE & CO.; LOWE'S HIW, INC.; MACY'S DEPARTMENT STORES, INC.; MBNA MARKETING SYSTEMS, INC.; MIDCOAST CREDIT CORP.; DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.; HOME DEPOT U.S.A., INC.; SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO.; WELLS FARGO FINANCIAL CALIFORNIA, INC.; FAIR ISAAC CORPORATION; TRANS UNION LLC; EQUIFAX INC.; EXPERIAN SERVICES CORP.; Defendants.	COMPLAINT FOR MONETARY DAMAGES, INJUNCTIONS AND DECLARATORY RELIEF JURY TRIAL DEMANDED CLASS ACTION SUIT	
22	INTRODUCTO	DV ALLECATIONS	
23			
24			
25			
26			
27	here.		
28	3. Venue: all acts occurred in this district, so venue here is proper.		
	Complaint for Damages, Injunction, Declaratory Relief		

Arikat v. JP Morgan Chase

14

15

16

17

18

1920

2122

24

23

2526

27

28

- 4. Jurisdiction is based on diversity jurisdiction, 28 U.S.C. §§1331, 1332, because plaintiff and defendants hail from different states, and also on federal statutes, inter alia: Federal Fair Credit Reporting Act 16 U.S.C. §§ 1681, et seq., and the Equal Credit Opportunity Act 15 U.S. Code §§ 1691, et seq. The amount of damages demanded exceeds \$ 75,000 and this is thus an unlimited jurisdiction matter.
- 5. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that at all times herein mentioned each of the defendants were the agent and employee of each of the remaining defendants and, in doing the things hereinafter alleged, were acting within the course and scope of such agency and employment.
 - 6. The damages demanded exceed \$75,000 against each defendant who is culpable.

 FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: CREDIT LIBEL
- 7. The allegations of paragraphs 1 through 6 are realleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 8. Continuously, from on or about January 1, 2004, to the present, and especially over the past 12 months, plaintiffs were persons who are credit-worthy and who earn a six figure income, but plaintiffs have been defamed by defendants in that they have arbitrarily and discriminatorily published false and defamatory and derogatory "default" and "delinquent" credit reports against plaintiffs in their credit reports. These acts were done despite plaintiffs' repeated challenges and disputes by plaintiffs as to the accuracy of certain charges on their credit accounts. These challenges and disputes were all routinely and blithely ignored by defendants. Specifically, defendants Fair Isaac, Trans Union, Experian and Equifax have used arbitrary and undisclosed criteria to brand plaintiffs un-creditworthy, by giving them a low FICO score, while other far less credit-worthy persons have been given high FICO scores and been allowed higher credit ratings. Defendants have promulgated, published and broadcast their defamatory "low FICO scores" against plaintiffs in numerous credit reports which have been read and heard by third parties, i.e., other creditors, including but not limited to defendants named in this suit. Defendants Fair Isaac, Experian, Trans Union and Equifax have repeatedly published and broadcast false and defamatory, and misleading credit information about plaintiffs, including

- 9. The above-described conduct by defendants also included slander and libel per
 - 10. Plaintiffs notified all defendants of disputes as to certain charges and fee

2

7

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

se.

assessments.

- 11. Defendants ignored all disputes and continued to tack on interest and late fees etc. to plaintiffs without answering the disputes or verifying the charges with documents and proof, as required by law.
- 12. As a proximate result of defendants' conduct as explained above, plaintiffs have been damaged financially and emotionally, has suffered emotional distress of anxiety and insomnia and depression, his physical and emotional condition has gotten worse, has suffered pain, has lost income and other benefits, has suffered depression, and has incurred great expenses, and other health, employment and career benefits, as well as lost potential income earning ability, all to his detriment in a sum according to proof.
- 13. Defendants committed the acts alleged herein maliciously, fraudulently and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring plaintiff, from an improper and evil motive amounting to malice, and in conscious disregard of plaintiff's rights. Plaintiff thus is entitled to recover punitive damages from each defendant in an amount according to proof.
- 14. Because there is no adequate remedy at law, plaintiff will suffer irreparable damage to his credit unless the actions of defendants are enjoined, hence plaintiff demands an injunction requiring all defendants to cease using FICO scores and to remove and delete all deleterious credit information form plaintiff's FICO scores, and to disclose to plaintiff their criteria in detail, for calculating FICO scores.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff prays for judgment against defendants, as hereinafter set forth.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION: BREACH OF CONTRACT

- 15. The allegations of paragraphs 1 through 14 are realleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 16. In or about February 1, 2004, plaintiffs entered into various and sundry credit agreements with all named defendants, and/or their assignors. These were for credit card and other commercial credit for buying goods and services.
- 17. The written agreements provided that plaintiffs would be billed accurately and would not be charged any additional fees not expressly agreed to.

- 18. On or about February 1, 2004 and continuously to the present date per annum and per diem, defendants materially breached said loan agreements by arbitrarily, unjustifiably, illegally and discriminatorily increasing the monthly payment for plaintiffs, imposing late fees and other "administrative" and other fees plaintiffs had never agreed to, ignoring plaintiffs' notices of dispute of debts, refused to submit written proof of the debts to plaintiffs on demand, etc.
- 19. Plaintiffs wrote and sent letters to defendants and demanded that they cease and desist from materially breaching and altering said loan agreements, in vain, so he had to pay the additional monthly payments to save his houses from foreclosure.
- 20. As a proximate result of said actions by defendants, plaintiffs suffered loss of money and income, emotional distress, etc.
- 21. Defendants committed the acts alleged herein maliciously, fraudulently and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring plaintiff, from an improper and evil motive amounting to malice, and in conscious disregard of plaintiff's rights. Plaintiff, thus, is entitled to recover punitive damages of from each defendant in an amount according to proof.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff prays for judgment against defendants, as hereinafter set forth.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION: FRAUD

- 22. The allegations of paragraphs 1 through 21 are realleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 23. On or about February 1, 2004, defendants made certain misrepresentations to plaintiffs in order to induce them to sign loan and credit agreements. They promised to bill plaintiffs accurately and fairly for actual goods and service purchased, and only on express terms and conditions agreed to *ab initio*.
- 24. Plaintiffs relied on said statements to their detriment in that they signed up for the credit cards and charged goods and services, borrowed from defendants and would up being defamed and harassed by collectors.
- 25. On or about February 1, 2004, defendants reneged on their promises and agreements above stated, by arbitrarily and discriminatorily increasing the monthly amount they

required plaintiffs to pay. And they ignored plaintiffs' dispute of charges. These actions constitute fraud.

- 26. As a proximate result of the fraud by defendants above described, plaintiffs suffered extreme financial pressure to raise additional monthly funds to pay the excessive payments and suffered emotional distress, worry, anxiety, etc.
- 27. Defendants committed the acts alleged herein maliciously, fraudulently and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring plaintiff, from an improper and evil motive amounting to malice, and in conscious disregard of plaintiff's rights. Plaintiff, thus, is entitled to recover punitive damages from each defendant in an amount according to proof.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff pray for judgment against defendants, as hereinafter set forth.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION:

VIOLATION OF FEDERAL FAIR CREDIT REPORTING ACT (16 US CODE §§ 1681 ET SEQ.)

- 28. The allegations of paragraphs 1 through 27 are realleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 29. The actions by defendants described above all violate the Federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (16 U.S.C. §§1681, et seq. (hereinafter "FFCR"). The defendants have violated the FFCR by their actions in failing to accurately report credit information, and by reporting false and defamatory credit information against plaintiff, by failing to disclose clear and reasonable criteria for calculating the FICO scores of plaintiffs, by failing to report the fact that plaintiff reported having legitimate bona fide legal disputes over the accuracy and collectability of certain debts, by denying plaintiff credit, re-financing, equity lines of credit and loans, etc., by charging usurious and exorbitant interest rates all of this done in violation of the FFCR. Sections 1681 (m), (n) and (o) provide for civil liability by defendants for violating the FFCR. Defendants willfully and/or negligently violated FFCR.
 - 30. Plaintiff is entitled to an award of attorney fees under FFCR, §1681.
- 31. As a proximate result of the defendants' violation of this statute above described, plaintiffs suffered damages, including *inter alia*, denial of credit, denial of refinancing of his

property, denial of equity loans, imposition of usuriously high and unconscionable interest rates on loans, loss of income, loss of reputation, and denial of credit.

- 32. Plaintiffs are entitled to punitive damages against all defendants for this malicious defamation, because the defamation of defendants was intentional, malicious, oppressive, wanton reckless, with reckless disregard for plaintiff's rights.
- 33. As a further proximate result of defendants' conduct as explained above, plaintiff has been damaged financially and emotionally, has suffered emotional distress of anxiety and insomnia and depression, his physical and emotional condition has gotten worse, he has been denied medical treatment necessary to sustain life and limb, he has been unable to afford necessary services and goods to support his family, he has suffered pain, has lost his income and other benefits, has suffered depression, and has incurred great expenses, and other health, employment and career benefits, as well as lost potential income earning ability, all to his detriment in a sum according to proof.
- 34. Defendants committed the acts alleged herein maliciously, fraudulently and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring plaintiff, from an improper and evil motive amounting to malice, and in conscious disregard of plaintiff's rights. Plaintiff thus is entitled to recover punitive damages of \$50 million from each defendant in an amount according to proof.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff pray for judgment against defendants, as hereinafter set forth.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION:

VIOLATION OF EQUAL CREDIT OPPORTUNITY ACT

(15 US CODE §§ 1691 ET SEQ.)

- 35. The allegations of paragraphs 1 through 34 are realleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 36. The actions by defendants described above all are a violation of the Equal Credit Opportunity Act, 15 U.S.C. §§1691, et seq., (hereinafter "ECOA"). The defendants have violated the ECOA by their actions in failing to accurately report credit information, and by reporting false and defamatory credit information against plaintiff, by failing to disclose clear and reasonable criteria for calculating the FICO scores of plaintiffs, by failing to report the fact that

plaintiff reported having legitimate bona fide legal disputes over the accuracy and collectability of certain debts, by denying plaintiff credit, re-financing, equity lines of credit and loans, etc, by charging usurious and exorbitant interest rates — all of this done in violation of ECOA which provides for civil liability by defendants for violating the ECOA. Defendants willfully and/or negligently violated ECOA.

- 37. Plaintiff is entitled to an award of attorney fees under ECOA,
- 38. As a proximate result of the actions of defendants above described, in violation of this statute, plaintiff suffered damages, including *inter alia*, denial of credit, denial of refinancing of his property, denial of equity loans, imposition of usuriously high and unconscionable interest rates on his extant loans, loss of income, loss of reputation, and denial of credit.
- 39. Plaintiffs are entitled to punitive damages against all defendants for this malicious defamation, because the defamation of defendants was intentional, malicious, oppressive, wanton, reckless, with reckless disregard for plaintiff's rights.
- 40. As a further proximate result of defendants' conduct as explained above, plaintiff has been damaged financially and emotionally, has suffered emotional distress of anxiety and insomnia and depression, and has incurred great expenses, and other health, employment and career benefits, as well as lost potential income earning ability, all to his detriment in a sum according to proof.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff pray for judgment against defendants, as hereinafter set forth.

VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA FAIR DEBT COLLECTIONS PRACTICES ACT

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION:

- 41. The allegations of paragraphs 1 through 40 are realleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 42. On or about February 1, 2004 and continuously to the present, defendants have violated the California Fair Debt Collection Practices Act by, *inter alia*, harassing plaintiffs with endless annoying and minatory phone calls, bombarding them with endless letters and minatory notices, calling them at 4:00 a.m. and at night with ceaseless annoying phone calls, excessively.

1	These were done without just cause and inflicted emotional distress on plaintiffs. Defendants also		
2	annoyed plaintiffs by calling them at work, outside their household, etc. Phone calls have been		
3	made, inter alia, after business hours, and repeatedly, in such an annoying and harassing manner		
4	as to constitute violation of the statute.		
5	43. As a proximate result thereof, plaintiffs suffered emotional di	stress.	
6	44. Plaintiffs are entitled to punitive damages and the acts were n	nalicious.	
7	WHEREFORE, plaintiff pray for judgment against defendants, as here	inafter set forth.	
8	SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION:		
9	INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRES	SS	
10	45. The allegations of paragraphs 1 through 44 are realleged and	incorporated herein	
11	by reference.		
12	46. The above acts of defendants were outrageous and constitute	intentional	
13	infliction of emotional distress, waking plaintiffs up at wee hours of the morning with harassing		
14	collection phone calls, etc.		
15	47. As a proximate result thereof, plaintiffs suffered emotional di	stress.	
16	48. Plaintiffs are entitled to punitive damages and the acts were n	nalicious.	
17	WHEREFORE, plaintiff pray for judgment against defendants, as hereinafter set forth.		
18	PRAYER FOR RELIEF		
19	WHEREFORE, plaintiff prays for judgment against defendants, for each cause of action		
20	above alleged, as follows:.		
21	1. For all consequential damages described above, including exc	ess payments made	
22	on loans, costs etc;		
23	2. For general damages to loss of refutation \$ 12 million;		
24	3. For general damages for physical and emotional pain and suff	Pering sustained by	
25	plaintiff, in a sum according to proof;		
26	4. For special damages for plaintiff's lost income, lost benefits for	oregone and	
27	delayed income and diminution in income earning capacity, and related expenses in a sum		
28	according to proof;		

Case5:06-cv-00330-RMW Document1 Filed01/18/06 Page10 of 10

- 5. For an order certifying plaintiffs as a class;
- 6. For attorney fees under the statutes above named;
- 7. For punitive damages according to proof.;
- 8. For an injunction requiring all defendants to cease using FICO scores and to remove and delete all deleterious credit information form plaintiff's FICO scores, and to disclose to plaintiff their criteria in detail, for calculating FICO scores.
 - 9. For cost of suit and all other appropriate relief.

DATE: January 18, 2006

Stanley G Hilton / Attorney for Plaintiffs

MM